

Installation and operation manual

WATEX CMS CAB CABINET WATER SOFTENERS



More info: https://watex.eu/en/softeners/cabinets

Read the instructions carefully before use!

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INTRODUCTION

Your WATEX CMS series water softeners are precision built high quality products.

This is an effective solution for water hardness, iron, ammonium and turbidity reduction.

These units will deliver conditioned water for many years to come, when installed and operated properly. Please study this manual carefully and understand the cautions and notes before installing. This manual should be kept for future reference. If you have any questions regarding your water softener, contact your local dealer or WATEX.

REQUIREMENTS

Please note that the water SOFTENER is heavy and fragile; the fiberglass tank cannot stand mechanical shocks.

Any mechanical shock can affect the operation of the softener. It is not recommended to roll or turn the softener upside down. Use a wheeled platform to move the softener. Where it is not possible, move it together with another person using your hands. Moving by hands, it is recommended to grab the top behind the control valve housing (the place where the control valve connects to the tank) and the bottom behind the blue fiberglass tank.

- The softener should be on firm level surface.
- Mechanical filter with minimum 50 microns filtration rate is required to prolong lifetime
- If Iron is concentration is higher than 2 mg/l, iron removal filter should be installed before softener.
- **DO NOT** use pipe wrench to tighten nuts or caps.
- **DO NOT** place screwdriver in slots on caps and/or tap with a hammer.
- **DO NOT** install the appliance backwards. Follow arrows on inlet/outlet.
- **DO NOT** connect the drain and overflow (gravity drain) together.
- ALWAYS make bypass line for the softener.
- Install pressure indicators before and after the softener.
- Install after the hydrophore



SPECIFICATIONS

		Model		
Technical parameters of equipment	Unit	CMS CAB MINI	CMS CAB MIDI	CMS CAB
Flow rate (max - 40 BV/h)	m³/h	0,5	0,5	0,8
Minimum flow rate for rinsing	m³/h	0,41	0,41	0,41
Tank size	inches	10x17	10x26	10x35
Tank volume	liters	15	34	39
The amount of filtering material	liters	12,5	18	25
Required water for filter regeneration	liters	59	70	84
Filter capacity between regeneration (5mg-ekv/l)	liters	2000	5000	6400
The average salt consumption for regeneration	kg	1,20	3,00	3,84
Dimensions				
Length	cm	53	53	56
Width	cm	28	28	28
Height	cm	53	90	110
Connection. In-out-drain		3/4''-3/4''-3/4''	3/4"-3/4"-3/4"	1''-1''-3/4''
Clack control unit			CI 1''	
Filtration		Ca ²⁺ , Mg ²⁺ (Limescale), Fe ²⁺ , Mn ²⁺ (Rust&Stains)		
Regeneration			By Salt NaCl	
Container material			FRP (fiberglass)	
Filtering material		lon ex	change resins RESIN	IEX KW-8
Operating pressure	bar		2-6	
Electric Connection			220V, 50Hz, 1 pha	se
Electricity consumption	W		3 W	

*Filtration speed 25 BV/h

**Filtration speed 40 BV/h

*** Softener Capacity depends on water hardness and iron, turbidity, ammonium concentration and should be calculated for each water separately to get the best results and to reduce salt consumption and water for regeneration.

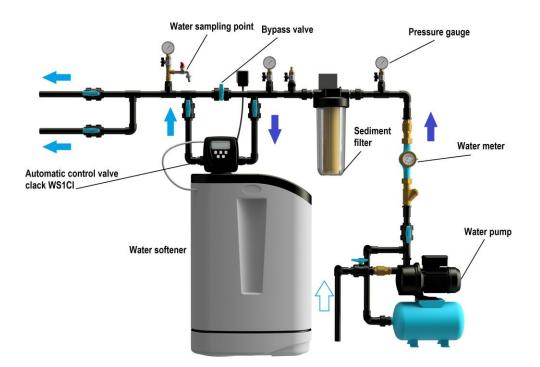
Please contact to your local dealer or WATEX to program the right capacity.

Important notes:

Softener does not remove smell, organics, bacteria or viruses.



SYSTEM MAIN COMPONENTS



RECOMMENDED ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM FOR THE CMS CAB GRAY KIT

The softener has three main basic components: resin tank, Clack control valve and brine tank.

2.1.1. Control valve



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On the filtering tank of the filter is installed the CLACK WSCI control valve, which controls automatic regeneration of the softener.

The control valve housing is made of plastic alloy. The control panel is located in front of the filter, and the water supply and sewerage connections are in the rear.

The control valve is operated by voltage of 220 V. The control valve has the motherboard, which stores and regulates all the rinse process parameters. To rinse the filter the voltage is fed from the motherboard to the built-in motor that moves a cylindrical detail built-in the unit into a certain position.

On the left part of the control valve housing at the outlet manifold is a built-in meter that counts the quantity of water consumed. The rinse algorithm is based on the volume of water consumed, which is counted by the built-in meter. Easy locking drain/ brine clip for easy removal. Standard $\frac{3}{4}$ " Male NPT 90° drain elbow that swivels 180° for easy orientation.

3/8" Parker Liquifit brine elbow that swivels 270° for easy orientation. Built in internal flow meter off the side of the outlet port for easy maintenance.

2.1.2. Brine tank

The brine tank is intended for storing Sodium Chloride NaCl (salt tablets). There are several components inside brine tank: a safety float, brine well, grid plate. Normally the water level should be about 1/3 of the brine tank height. This is sufficient to dissolve part of the NaCl regeneration cycle.



Brine well: The brine well is a cylindrical barrier that keeps the salt or potassium chloride away from the safety float and air check valve which allows them to operate without any obstructions.

Brine Tank Safety Float: A safety float is included inside the brine tank to ensure that salt water does not overflow onto the floors if the injectors on the control valve get blocked up. Float level can be adjusted, but in normal operation it is not necessary.

Grid plate (salt platform): A grid plate is placed at the bottom of the brine tank. The grid plate acts as a tool to displace the water. This allows more water to flow into the brine tank to ensure that enough brine solution is available during the regeneration process.

Salt must be periodically added to the brine tank, it should be located where it is easily accessible.

Fill salt cabinet when water level is above salt level. Do not mix different types of salt. If iron is present in your water, use a salt with an iron-cleaning additive to help keep resin clean. You may also use a resin cleaner on a monthly basis in place of salt with cleaning additives. If iron is not present in your water, a clean pellet, solar or cube type salt is recommended. The use of rock salt is not recommended because it contains impurities that can plug up the injector assembly.

2.1.3. Resin tank

The filter tank is filled with ion exchange resin (cationic), which reduces hardness and iron concentration in water. Capacity of filter material is calculated according to amount of resins and raw water quality. When capacity is exhausted, regeneration by salt is performed.



OPERATION MODES

WATEX CMS softeners have two operation modes: Service and Regeneration mode. When the softener is **In Service** it is flowing water through the system and removing hardness minerals from your water.

Regeneration have 5 cycles:

- 1. First Backwash is a rapid upward flow of water that loosens the resin bed and flushes iron particles, dirt and sediments filtered in the bed out to the drain.
- 2. Brine Draw is the process in which brine is drawn out of the brine tank and passed through the resin in a downward direction. This rinses the resin and large amounts of sodium ions replace the hardness ions accumulated during service.
- **3.** Second backwash. After brine is completely removed from the brine tank into the resin tank the brine floating valve closes. Water replaces any remaining brine from the resin, flushing hardness ions removed from the resin to drain.
- **4. Rinse** is a fast flow of water down through the resin tank that follows a second **Backwash**. This flushes all remaining brine from the tank and packs the resin bed for softening efficiency.
- 5. Fill. Brine is water saturated with large amounts of a salt (sodium chloride). During **brine fill**, water flows into the salt storage area after each regeneration and dissolves salt. During the regeneration process, hardness ions on the resin beads are replaced or exchanged for sodium ions from the brine solution.



INSTALLATION

General conditions

The softener must be placed on the flat, leveled surface.

It is recommended to install the softener in the technical room with sound absorbing, because during the regeneration (usually at night), the flow of water to the sewers could be heard.

The control valve and connection fittings are not intended for supporting the weight of the water supply system.

All sanitary-technical works to be performed in accordance with local plumbing and electrical codes.

Filter must be provided with a continuous supply of water, which does not differ in quality and quality within 30% and has the pressure range of 2.0 to 3.5 bar.

The distance between the drain and the water conditioner should be as short as possible.

The room temperature must not be lower than $+ 5 \,^{\circ}C$ and not higher than $45 \,^{\circ}C$.

Do not use for the filter connections petroleum jelly, oils, hydrocarbon lubricants or spray silicone. Silicon grease can be used on black o-type sealing rings, but it is not necessary.

Nuts and bolts have been designed so they can be unscrewed or tightened by hand or special plastic key. If you need to unscrew the tightened nuts or couplings, you can use pliers. However, take care not to damage the plastic parts. Do not use wrenches or socket wrenches to tighten or loosen.

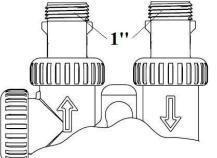
Do not place the screwdriver into sleeve/cap openings and do not strike with a hammer!

Teflon tape is not necessary for sewer and reagent connection fittings.

Place the water filter so that the distance between the drainage outlet and the filter is minimized.

Perform a general preventive maintenance at least once a year.

Water pipe connection



In the rear of the water filter is the water supply connection. Each connection has the inflow and outflow indicating arrows. If you look at the filter from the front, on the right side is the inflow and on the left side is discharge. The filter's connection to the mains outer thread size 1 " (inch), of both input and output. Plastic threaded fitting is of a screw type and it can freely rotate the ring, keeping the density. Therefore, there is no need for very powerful (sufficient hand strength) tightening of the bolts on the control valve housing.

Use of Teflon tape on the plastic threads is a must.

The material of the piping, which connects to the filter, does not make significant difference. Most important is that the filter does not bear the weight of the water supply system.

Filter can be connected with the cast iron, glued, PVC screw-fastening pipes. It is also possible with flexible metal pipes, soldered brass pipes.

Note: soldering of pipes must be carried out before connection to the control valve plastic fittings failing to follow this rule can result in internal damage of the plastic fittings and they will not provide consistency of connection.

Soldering fittings must be cooled down. Avoid soldering grease contact with any connecting fitting parts.

For the water filter, it is recommended to install a bypass valve, as shown in the figure, and sample valves before inflow and outflow as well.

During the normal operation, bypass valve is closed, but the input and an output valves are open.

During the preventive maintenance works on the installation or filter repair, the not purified water can be supplied to the consumers.

It is recommended to install the sampling valve before and after the filter to compare /determine the quality of raw water and the just- purified water. It is also advisable to install pressure gauges before and after the filter to control the pressure loss in the installation.

In order to enhance the durability of the filter first it is recommended to install a mechanical filter that prevents sand particles, which can be lifted out of the hole and to lead to clogging the parts of the filter.

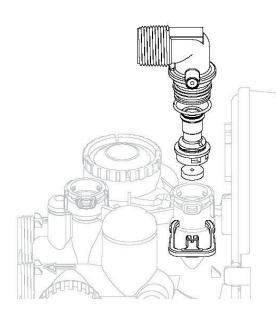


Drainage connection

The filter requires to be connected to the sewer in order to ensure regular rinsing. During the rinsing time, the air bag of the filter is removed along with the accumulated dirt (mud, iron, sand, clay, etc.).

Drainage connection points are located at the top of the control valve. We recommend using a garden hose for drainage of rinsing water from the filter to the common sewage system.

Note: the bend of the sewer connection has the sealing ring; it is possible to turn it in the desirable direction. Turning angle is 270°.



Important: Ensure that the drainage pipe during rinsing is not dropping

out. Secure it!

Important: Make sure the garden hose is not folded, because it will reduce rinsing water flow and the filter is likely to have incomplete rinsing, which can lead to poor water supply.

Drainage pipe can be placed in the common sewer around 0.5 meters above the control valve, but during the first rinses watch if the full rinsing of the filter is really going on.

If there is no complete rinsing, consult with "WATEX" technical center.

Important: Gravity Drainage pipe shall be not less than D40.

Important: Never drive the drain hose directly into drains or the receiver. Always allow air access between the drain hose and the tank to avoid backflow.

Important: To prevent the sewer smell come into the filter and cause bacteriological contamination of the filter before entering the sewage system it is recommended to create hydro seal or siphon.



Reagent tank connection

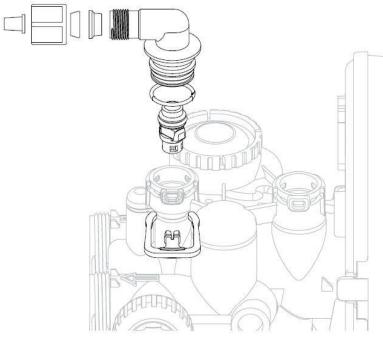
The kit contains a reagent tank as well as a 3/8 "connecting pipe. The flexible plastic tube is placed in the reagent container under the lid. The reagent tank should be placed next to the filter tank. Can be placed on any side of the filter tank.

The reagent tank has a plug that is placed in the plastic container of the reagent tank. Threads do not have to use packaging materials.

Remember!

The regeneration tank will need to be filled with a reagent on a regular basis, so it is advisable to place it where it is easily reachable.

The control panel is shown in the drawing, highlighting the connection point of the reagent supply line. The pipeline connection is carried out as follows:



 Unlock the control unit reagent by removing the clamp and removing the reagent attachment elbow.
Pull the pipe through the nut

3. Place the cylindrical insert on the end of the tube, then make two consecutive rings.

4. Insert the end of the tube into the bend hole to the end and tighten with the nut. Manual engagement.5. Place the reagent joint in the opening and place the clamp.

Note: The reagent connection elbow has a sealing ring, it can be rotated in the desired direction. Turning angle is 270°.

6. The end of the second tube is drawn through the hole in the side of the reagent tank and added in the same manner as in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4.

When the equipment is connected to the water supply, drainage and reagent tanks, in the reagent container, fill salt tablets (NaCl) in Brine tank.

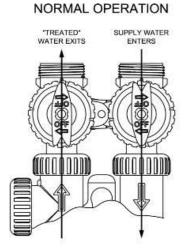


Bypass (option)

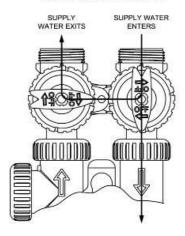


- Directional shut-off arrows for flow: Normal, Bypass, Diagnostic mode, Shut-off mode.
- Radial seals allow side-to-side and up/down minor plumbing misalignments, connections need only hand tightening.
- One internally lubricated O-ring on rotor creates less friction.

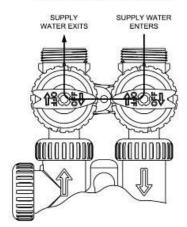
Bypass Valve Operation



DIAGNOSTIC MODE

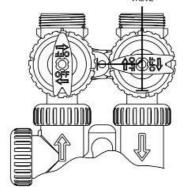


BYPASS OPERATION



SHUT OFF MODE

NO WATER EXITS SUPPLY WATER IS SHUT OFF FROM THE HOUSE AND THE VALVE





External In-Line Mixing valve (option)

You can use the external in-line mixing valve on water softeners to blend a desired amount of hardness back in the line or use it on a carbon filter to blend a small amount of chlorine back in the line.



Electrical connections

The softener is supplied with electricity transformer (AC adapter), which operates at 220 V. Power supply to the softener must be continuous. AC adapter is designed for dry places only.

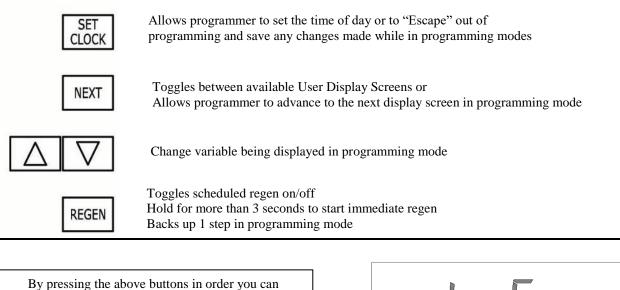
Note: All electrical connections must comply with local regulations. To ensure a continuous supply of electricity from the source located not farther than 2 meters from the water softener.

Adapter wire must be *connected* inside the control valve.

- 1. Remove the front cover of the control valve.
- 2. At the top of release the middle mounting tab that keeps the motherboard frame to the control valve.
- 3. On the right side of the plastic wall of the control valve there is a hole through which to pull the transformer's (adapter's) tip.
- 4. The tip to be connected to the contact terminals at the right lower part of the motherboard.
- 5. The rest of the cable should be placed along side the frame of the motherboard behind the specially designed clamps.
- 6. Push back the motherboard-mounting frame to fastening tab and secure it in the original position.
- 7. Install the front button cover.



Button Operation and Functions



Lock (LoC) or to Unlock (UnLoC) someone from accessing the OEM setup screens



$$\bigtriangledown$$





Unlo	
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Setting Time of Day

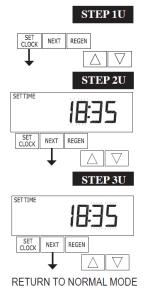
The user can also set the time of day. Time of day should only need to be set after power outages lasting more than 24 hours, if the battery has been depleted and a power outage occurs or when daylight saving time begins or ends. If a power outage lasting more than 24 hours occurs, the time of day will flash on and off which indicates the time of day should be reset. If a power outage lasts less then 24 hours and the time of day flashes on and off, the time of day should be reset and the non rechargeable battery replaced.

STEP 2U - Current Time (hour): Set the hour of the day using $\mathbf{\nabla}$ or $\mathbf{\Delta}$. Press NEXT to go to step

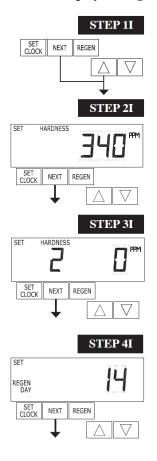
STEP 3U - Current Time (minutes): Set the minutes of the day using $\mathbf{\nabla}$ or \mathbf{A} . Press NEXT to exit

STEP 1U - Press SET CLOCK.

3U



Installer Display Settings



STEP 1I - Press NEXT and ▲ simultaneously for 3 seconds.

Set Clock. Press REGEN to return to previous step.

STEP 2I – Hardness: Set the amount of influent hardness using the $\mathbf{\nabla}$ or $\mathbf{\Delta}$ buttons. This display will show "–nA–" if "FILTER" is selected in Step 2F OR if "-nA-" was selected in Step 5CS OR if "oFF" or a number was selected in Step 8S. Press NEXT to go to step 3I. Press REGEN to exit Installer Display Settings.

Units
Available
PPM
FH
dH

STEP 3I – Hardness 2: If using a mixing valve, set the amount of effluent hardness using the ▼ or ▲ buttons. Range of available values may vary depending on system capacity selected and hardness selected in Step 2I. This display will show "-nA-" if "FILTER" is selected in Step 2F OR if -nA- was selected in Step 5CS OR "oFF" or a number was selected in Step 8S. Press NEXT to go to Step 4I. Press REGEN to return to previous step.

STEP 4I – Day Override: When volume capacity is set to "oFF", sets the number of days between regenerations. When volume capacity is set to AUTO or to a number, sets the <u>maximum</u> number of days between regenerations. If value set to "oFF", regeneration initiation is based solely on volume used. If value is set as a number (allowable range from 1 to 28) a regeneration initiation will be called for on that day even if sufficient volume of water were not used to call for a regeneration. Set Day Override using ∇ or \blacktriangle buttons:

- number of days between regeneration (1 to 28); or
- "oFF".

See Setting Options Table for more detail on setup. Press NEXT to go to step 5I. Press REGEN to return to previous step.

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START UP

Usually all key operating parameters of the WATEX CMS series filter have already been set at the service center. The only thing that is planned to set for the first run is the time setting.

Regeneration cycles and capacity programming

Press and hold the "NEXT" button simultaneously and arrow down ∇ and hold for 3 seconds.

- 1) The word "softening" flashes in the upper left corner.
- 2) Press "NEXT". The first "backwash" and the duration of the cycle appear in minutes. Arrows ∇ and Δ is possible to change the duration of the cycle.
- 3) Press "NEXT" and the second mode "brine" (brine suction) and cycle duration in minutes are displayed. With arrows $\nabla_{and} \Delta_{it is possible to change the duration of the cycle.$
- 4) Press "NEXT". The second "backwash" and the duration of the cycle appear in minutes. Arrows ∇ and Δ is possible to change the duration of the cycle.
- 5) Press "NEXT" ."rinse" and the duration of the cycle appear in minutes. Arrows ∇ and Δ it is possible to change the duration of the cycle.
- 6) Press "NEXT" and "fill" (reagent tank refill) and mode duration in minutes are displayed. Arrows ∇ and Δ it is possible to change the duration of the mode.
- 7) Press "NEXT" to display the capacity of the unit in cubic meters. Use the arrows to change the capacity of the machine. By pressing "NEXT" the previously set data is automatically saved and the programming progresses to the next settings. Next, press "NEXT" until the current day is displayed. Therefore, the setup cycle is closed and all settings are saved.

Rinsing mode duration and volume settings

In some circumstances, there is a need to change the rinse mode duration. To do this, do the following:

Press and hold simultaneously the button "NEXT" and the arrow down V for 3 seconds.

- 1) In the upper left corner flashes the word "filtering".
- 2) Press "NEXT" and there will appear the first rinsing mode "backwash" and duration of the mode in minutes. Duration of the mode can be changed by arrows $\nabla_{and} \Delta$.
- 3) Press "NEXT" and there will appear the second rinsing mode "brine" (agent suction in) and duration of the mode in minutes. Duration of the mode can be changed by arrows ∇ and Δ . Press "NEXT".

Thus, the setting mode is closed and all the settings are saved.

Manual regeneration

Sometimes you need to make regeneration earlier before the system determines that it is necessary; it is usually referred to as manual regeneration. It is possible that there was a period when the water has been used more than usual, for example, where there have been more visitors or more linen have been washed.

To initiate a manual regeneration in the set deferred regeneration time press and release REGEN. Then the display will flash the words "REGEN TODAY", indicating that the system will initiate regeneration before the pre-set regeneration. If you have pressed the "REGEN" button by mistake, re-pressing the button will cancel the request.



To immediately start the manual regeneration, press and hold the "REGEN" button for 3 seconds. The system will immediately begin regeneration. This command cannot be canceled.

When the system starts regeneration, the display will change showing information on the recovery process steps and the remaining time up to the end of the regeneration step. The system will automatically pass through recovery steps and when the regeneration is complete, set itself in the water treatment mode.

Operation control

During operation, the normal user display is:

- time of day;
- current flow rate liters per minute
- remaining capacity cubic meters per hour.

Each of these can be viewed by pressing **NEXT** to scroll through them. When stepping through any programming, if there aren't any buttons pressed within 5 minutes, the display returns to a normal user display. Any changes made prior to the 5 minute time out are incorporated.

To quickly exit any Programming, Installer Settings, and so on, press **SET CLOCK**. Any changes made prior to the exit are incorporated.

If desired, regeneration at preset time (default 2:00), press the **REGEN** button. REGEN TODAY will appear on screen. If desired, immediate regeneration, press and hold the **REGEN** button for five seconds until a regeneration begins.



PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

Problem	Possible cause	Solution	
1. The timer does not display time	a. transformer not connected	a. reconnect	
	b. No voltage in electrical outlet	b. Repair the outlet or use a working outlet	
	c. transformer failure	c. Replace transformer	
	d. Electronic plate damaged	d. Replace electronic plate	
2. The timer does not display the	a. Connection jack disconnected	a. Try another jack	
correct time	b. power failure	b. Re-set time	
	c. Electronic plate damaged	c. Replace electronic plate	
3. It does not display "softening", when the water is flowing	a. Water flows through the bypass and not through the filter	a. switch the bypass	
when the water is nowing	b. meter disconnected	b. reconnect the meter to the electronic board	
	c. Meter turbine jammed / stopped	c. Remove the meter and check if there is some	
	c. Meter turbine Jammed / stopped	foreign material	
	d. meter damaged	d. Replace meter	
	e. Electronic plate damaged	e. Replace electronic board	
4. Control valve starts	a. There has been a power outage	a. set the correct time in the control valve.	
regeneration at wrong time	b. the time set not correctly	b. set the time correctly	
	c. wrong regeneration time	c. re set regeneration time	
	d. Control valve set for immediate regeneration	d. Check the control valve setting of recovery time options.	
5. An error with the code number	a. Control valve has just been	a. for 3 seconds Press NEXT and REGEN or pull-	
5. All effor with the code number	served	out wire (black) from the power supply and	
1001 or E1 – It is not possible	Served	reinsert to set the control valve	
to identify the start of regeneration	b. control valve jammed	b. Check piston and spacer block if they are not stuck	
regeneration	c. High drive forces on the piston		
1002 or E2 – unexpected stop	d. control valve plunger is not in	c. Replace piston and spacer block components d. for 3 seconds Press NEXT and REGEN or pull-	
1002 or $E2$ – Motor runs too long,	home position	out wire (black) from the power supply and	
out of adjustment trying to reach	nome position	reinsert to set the control valve	
the next regeneration cycle	e. motor is not fully inserted in	e. Check motor and wires. Replace motor if	
position	order to achieve the drive gears,	necessary	
	motor wires damaged or		
1004 – Motor runs too long, out	disconnected, motor failure		
of adjustment, trying to reach the	f. The drive label damaged or dirty,	f. Replace or clean the drive mechanism.	
starting position	the mechanism is missing or		
	damaged		
If some other code shows up, contact the manufacturer.	g. The drive base inserted into plate incorrectly	g. Thoroughly check the drive bracket	
	h. Electronic plate is damaged or	h. Replace electronic plate	
	defective		
	i. Electronic plate is incorrectly	i. Make sure that the electronic circuit board is	
	connected to the base of the drive	properly connected to the drive bracket.	
6. Control valve stopped during	a. Motor does not run	a. Replace motor	
regeneration	b. No voltage in the socket	b. repair the socket or use working socket	
	c. adapter (transformer) damaged	c. Replace transformer	
	d. electronic plate damaged	d. Replace electronic plate	
	e. Faulty actuator or drive cover	e. Replace actuator or drive cover part	
	-	e. Replace actuator or drive cover part	
	part		

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	f. damaged piston holder	f. Replace piston holder
	g. Defective main piston or	g. Replace main piston or recovery piston
	recovery piston	
7. Control valve does not make	a. transformer is unplugged from	a. reconnect transformer
recovery automatically when the	contact	
REGEN button is pressed and	b. No voltage in the socket	b. repair the socket or use working socket
held	c. Faulty actuator or drive cover	c. Replace actuator or drive cover part
	part	
	d. Electronic plate damaged	d. Replace electronic plate
8. Control valve does not make	a. Water flowing through the bypass	a. Close the bypass.
recovery automatically, but it does	b. the meter is disconnected	b. Connect the meter to the electronic board
so when REGEN button is pressed	c. Meter turbine jammed / stopped	c. Remove the meter and check if there is some
		foreign material
	d. meter damaged	d. Replace meter
	e. Electronic plate damaged	e. Replace electronic plate
	f. error in settings	f. check control valve settings
9. Time flashes: appears and	Electricity supply break has been	a. Re-set the time
disappears	longer than 2 hours, the transformer	
	has been unplugged from the outlet	
	and then plugged in again, the	
	transformer plug has been taken out	
	and then re-connected to the plate	
	or the NEXT and REGEN buttons	
	have been pressed to re-reset	
	control valve.	